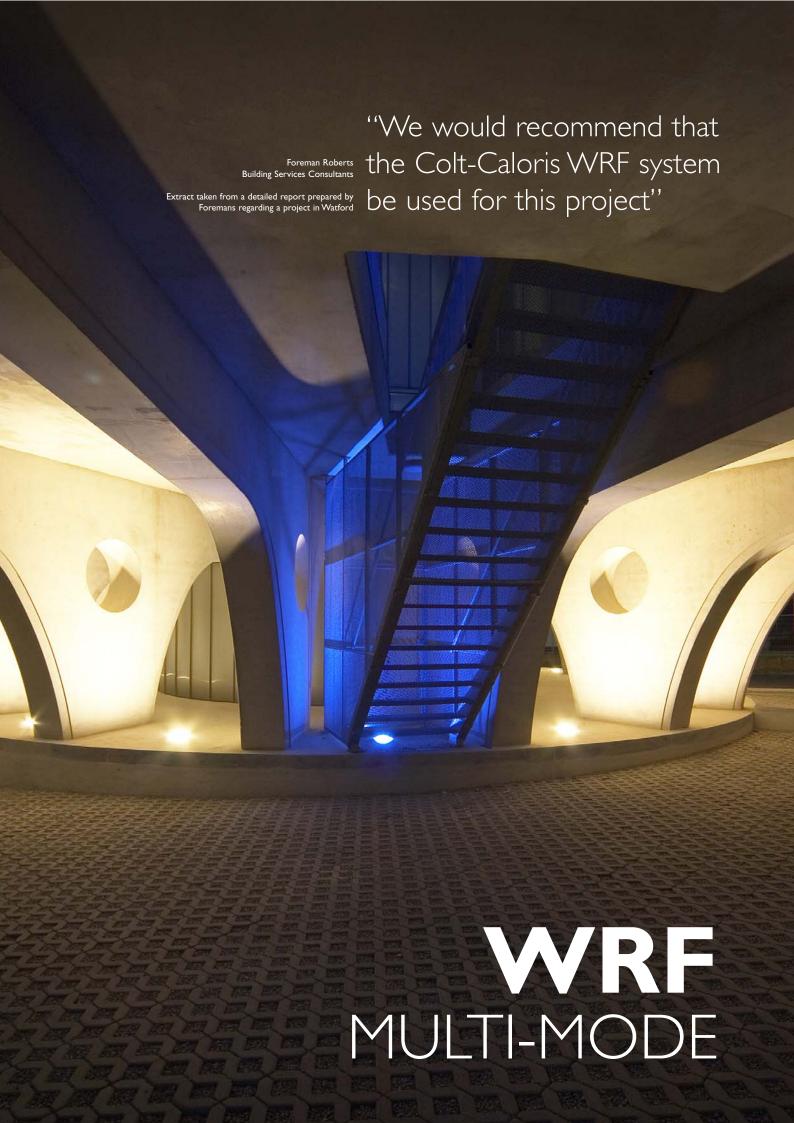


Colt Caloris WRF





WRF COLT CALORIS - INTRODUCTION TO CALORIS



WHY IS COLT WRF CALORIS UNIQUE?

WRF - water and refrigerant flow. Colt Caloris is a reversed cycle water source heat pump that forms part of a WRF system.

Colt-Caloris patent EP 1347253 encompasses a wide range of features that sets it apart from the competition. Its design makes it highly efficient and environmentally friendly.

Colt has utilised over 75 years experience of solving climate control problems, to take a fresh approach to the challenges associated with air conditioning. Investigations have resulted in advanced, safer and 'greener' performing systems.

BENEFITS

Colt-Caloris is an ideal alternative to both conventional air conditioning and reverse cycle heat pump systems and includes benefits such as;

- High unit COP, up to 4.3
- System allows unlimited number of units to be installed
- Uninsulated plastic piping
- Low noise levels (NR 28 35)
- Flexibility for future expansion
- Individual control for heating and cooling
- Neutral temperature of water system (between 15°C and 30°C)
- Slimline ceiling void unit, only 247mm high
- Maintenance-free horizontal compressor
- Two pipe system a simpler install and reduced space requirements

UK MANUFACTURE

Colt-Caloris is manufactured for world wide distribution at our Havant factory.





The overall system performance has a COP/EER of approximately 4.5.

No other refrigerant-based air conditioning system of equivalent capacity contains a lesser charge of refrigerant. This reduces its potential environmental impact, and the need for F-Gas inspections.

SYSTEM OVERVIEW

WRF COLT CALORIS - THE SYSTEM OVERVIEW



Low Noise Levels

All local Colt-Caloris units incorporate a small refrigerant compressor which, of course, generates some noise. By implementing strategically placed antivibration mounts, cradle supports, special metal compounds and attenuation, Colt have been able to produce the quietest running units on the market.

All sizes have been independently tested and verified by Eurovent Certified laboratories.

Decentralised Individual Control

Everybody has their own personal comfort level. The Colt-Caloris system allows every local unit to operate at any mode and temperature chosen by the user, irrespective of the location of the units

Colt-Caloris systems afford freedom to heat and cool at the same time without modifications to the standard system.

Total Heat Recovery

All units are connected to the same water system, mutually exchanging heat.

Colt-Caloris units achieve an extremely high recovery of thermal energy, irrespective of their position on the water system.

When embedding the pipework into the concrete structure of the building, thermal capabilities will be further increased.

Unit Design

At just 247mm high, the horizontal units are the slimmest on the market and are designed to easily fit within most ceiling voids.

Pipework

Unlike alternative systems, there is no limit to the pipework length. The system can use high quality, low cost, polymer piping unlike DX systems which require insulated high pressure pipework.

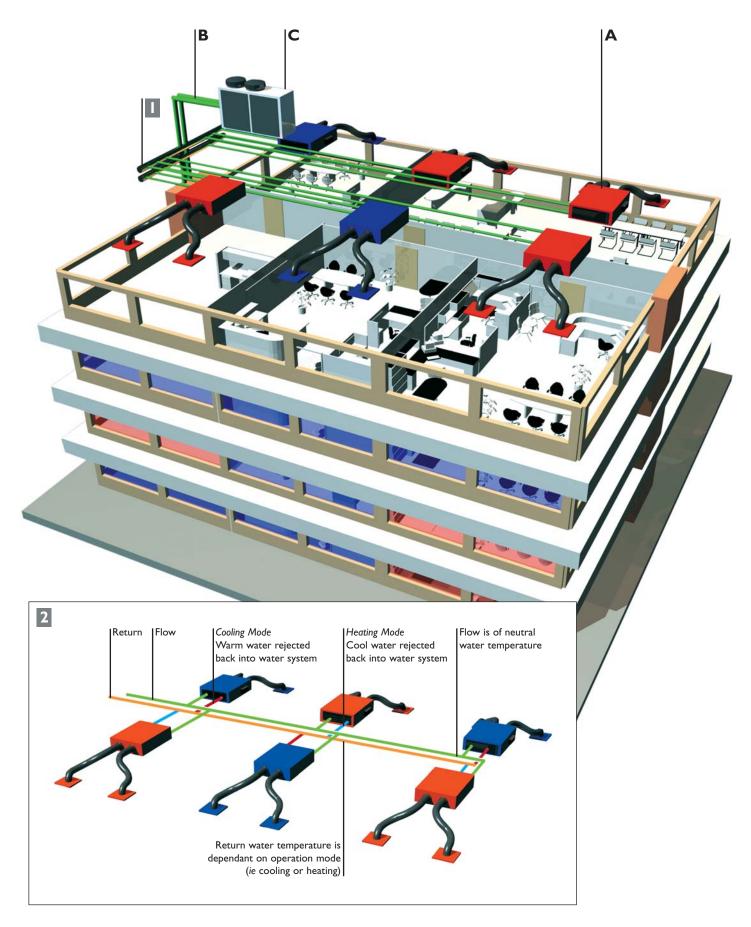
Colt-Caloris pipework is uninsulated: indeed, the system actually performs better without insulation. Utilising just two water pipes plus a condensation line significantly reduces space requirements and installation time.

The length of the piping is unlimited, as is the number of units. 20 units or 2000 units, the Colt-Caloris system is completely flexible.

Reliability

If in the unlikely event of a single unit failing, the other units will not be affected and the system will remain fully operational.

WRF COLT CALORIS - THE SYSTEM



WRF COLT CALORIS - THE SYSTEM

HOW DOES IT OPERATE?

Colt-Caloris is based solely on heat pump technology. A central heat pump **C** is installed in a suitable location and local units **A** or **D** are installed within the ceiling voids or within the rooms. Each local unit also contains a heat pump.

The transportation of energy takes place by using water **B** which is at approximately the same temperature as the rooms within the building. The local reverse cycle units use this neutral water to either warm up or cool down the air already circulating within the rooms.

Systems can be installed traditionally or by embedding the pipes in the concrete floors. This makes use of the building's thermal mass.

The central heat pump is utilised to maintain the neutral temperature on the water pipework system.

Typically, for approximately 85-90% of the year, the water system is expected to remain at this neutral temperature, requiring no external energy from the central heat pump.

- A Colt-Caloris Local Heat Pump
 An individual ceiling void local heat pump
 within each room that converts the
 energy in the water to energy in the air
- B Water System
 Uninsulated plastic piping to facilitate a balanced flow of water to all local heat pumps at an average of 21-22°C
- Central Heat Pump
 A central external heat pump converts
 the energy in the air to energy in the
 water, maintaining the water loop system
 at no lower than 15°C and no greater
 than 30°C

- Manifold installation option
- 2 Simple flow & return installation option

WRF COLT CALORIS - INDOOR UNITS



COLT-CALORIS LOCAL HEAT PUMP

Each internal space or room contains its own local unit, installed horizontally within the ceiling void or around the perimeter within the room.

Units can be operated in such a way that units on the warmer part of the building cool, and transfer the thermal energy to units on the cooler side of the building. No other system has provided individual users with this level of control and flexibility without making modifications and concessions to the main system.

The operation of this unit is based on a reverse cycle heat pump within the individual unit. The heat pump includes a refrigerant circuit with both refrigerant to air and refrigerant to water heat exchangers.

A reversing valve enables each heat exchanger to act as either an evaporator or a condenser.

A small charge of refrigerant circulates only within each unit, unlike other systems which pump refrigerant throughout the whole building.

In the unlikely event of one unit failing, all the other units will carry on working independently, making the Colt-Caloris system extremely reliable.

A remote room controller sets the personal temperature, air speed and desired mode, heating, cooling or recirculate.

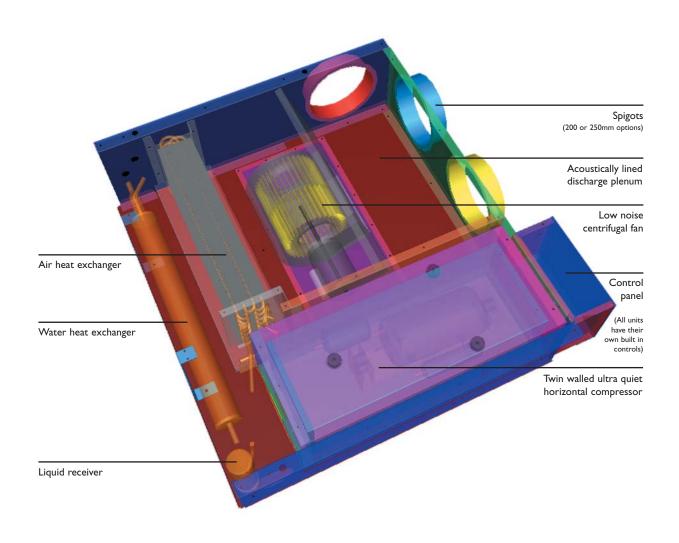
FULL COMPRESSOR ENCLOSURE

Reducing noise levels is crucial for any type of air conditioning system. Colt has focused in particular on the design and manufacture of the compressor housing within the local heat pump unit. The result is the quietest running water source heat pump unit available today, thanks to its unique noise suppression system. The compressor is suspended on twin sets of anti-vibration mounts. Both mounts are further suspended onto the housing which is also sealed and insulated away from the rest of the unit.

During the development of the product, any additional noise provided by the integral horizontal compressor has been successfully absorbed, to within approximately 0.5dB to 1.0 dB sound power level contribution, using very effective noise attenuation.

The fan decks are state of the art and help make the Colt-Caloris one of the quietest water source heat pump systems on the market.





WRF COLT CALORIS - OUTDOOR UNITS



W-Series external heat pump

CENTRAL HEAT PUMP

The purpose of the external heat pump is to maintain the optimum temperature in the water loop between 15°C and 30°C, but since the building's mass helps to maintain the water loop temperature, this heat pump is rarely in operation.

The central heat pump will remain on stand-by for around 85-90% of the year.

UNIT TECHNICAL DATA

The Colt outdoor heat pump units are available from 20kW up to 300kW depending on the size of the system.

Unit sizes and technical data are available at www.coltinfo.co.uk.

OPERATION IN SUMMER

During the summer months, the central heat pump operates like a chiller unit but with greater efficiency, dissipating heat. Most water chiller systems operate around 5°C to 14°C whereas the Colt outdoor unit only starts up when the water temperature exceeds 28°C to 30°C.

It is much easier to cool water at 28°C than it is at 12 - 14°C. As a result the heat pump works at a higher efficiency for less time during the day. As soon as the water temperature reaches the normal specified level, the unit stops and waits until the water becomes excessively warm again, thus saving energy.

OPERATION IN WINTER

In winter, most internal rooms will require warm air. The local heat pumps take the heat energy out of the water loop which finally causes a heat deficiency within the system. The system copes with this by taking the cold external air and cooling it further, then transferring this heat energy into the loop. When outdoor units are de-icing, the indoor units continue to heat.

WRF COLT CALORIS - OUTDOOR UNITS



External units can be installed away from the main site if necessary as was the case at the Premier Inn Hotel, Wolverhampton.

Zon Holland Auction House with front offices spanning 3 floors.





Low profile roof units installed at the prestigious 5 star Luton Hoo Hotel

WRF COLT CALORIS - PIPEWORK & WATER SYSTEM

- Uninsulated
- Unlimited in length
- Speed of installation
- Can be embedded within the floors
- Water not refrigerant carried at a neutral temperature (15 30°C)
- Closed water pipework system
- Plastic, copper or steel

NEUTRAL WATER SYSTEM

The whole basis behind the Colt-Caloris system is to circulate water around the building between the local units and the central heat pumps at 15 °C to 30 °C thus minimising losses whilst saving energy.

All the local units and external mounted heat pumps are connected by a main two pipe, water system.

With the temperature of the water being neutral, insulated piping and traditional copper piping are not needed. Plastic piping can be used offering many cost and reliability benefits.

The pipes can be quickly installed into the system without any risk of condensation.

- No refrigerant circulating through the building
- Simple, non-specialist pipe installation
- Easily modified or extended
- Unlimited lengths.

POLYMER PIPING

Piping for the water system can be made from smooth polymer, with an expected life span of over 50 years.

Piping is tested to BS 7291 and listed in the WRAS (Water Regulations Advisory Scheme) and is BBA Approved.

Polymer piping has many exceptional physical properties including:

Resistance to stress crack formation

Long term stress rupture resistance at high temperatures

Kink resistance

Exceptional thermal ageing resistance

Chemical resistance and completely non-corroding.

ADDITIONAL OPTIONS FOR CONTROLLING THE WATER SYSTEM

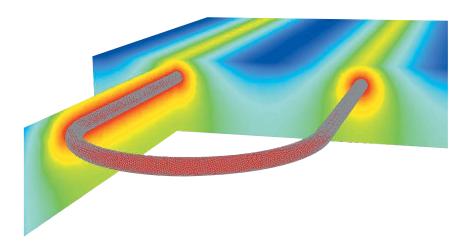
On refurbishment projects, a heat injection source, such as a boiler system, may already be installed within the building. Similarly, a heat rejection source, such as a chiller unit or evaporative cooling tower may also be installed. If this is the case, then a central heat pump is not required and the system can be reconfigured to make use of existing systems.

Ground coupled (long term) storage systems can be very beneficial and can even be capable of solely serving the water loop all year round depending on local geothermal situations.

Please contact Colt for further information

"Pipework runs can be unlimited in length"

WRF COLT CALORIS - THERMAL MASS



"Pipework run outs can be embedded within the floor to provide extra thermal mass"

THERMAL ENERGY

The ideal scenario is for the water system to utilise the building's thermal mass as an additional energy store. Pipes can be laid into the building's concrete structure, taking advantage of the free thermal energy, which in turn can be stored and re-used later in the day.

Reducing energy consumption and the impact industry has on the environment has always played an important strategic part in the philosophy of Colt.

The Colt-Caloris system contains lower quantity of refrigerants compared to any other air conditioning system, yet the key

feature is the energy efficiency due to the neutral water pipework system.

Local heat injection is achieved by utilising 'wasted' heat coming from kitchens, hotel rooms, plant rooms, offices, IT rooms or collectively from South facing rooms.

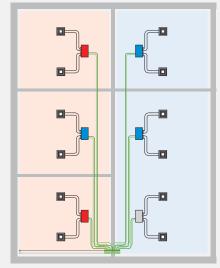
Local heat rejection may be achieved by the re-use of energy from units in the heating mode, for example, those found on the North facing side of the building.

HEAT REJECTION

"Colt Caloris is ideally suited to ground source applications"

NORTH FACING

Energy can be taken from the warmer South side of the building and re-used on the North side



SOUTH FACING

"Local Indoor Caloris units are not subject to F-Gas inspections"

In an attempt to limit emissions of F-Gas in the EU, the European Commission passed a new series of Regulations in the European Parliament in July 2006, that focus on containment and traceability.

These emerged from recommendations of the European Climate Change
Programme and are modelled on a system put in place in the Netherlands from March 1993, known as STEK. This has reduced Dutch emissions of F-Gases on average, to 1.5%

of charge per year in fixed cooling systems, and 4.5% in total including cooling systems found in transport, compared to 11% over the EU as a whole (& 9% in UK)

The prime objective of the F-Gas
Regulations will be to prevent leakage,
misuse and to ensure repairs are
undertaken as soon as possible after a leak
is detected.

F-GAS LEAK DETECTION

WRF COLT CALORIS - CALORIS & THE ENVIRONMENT

F-Gases (fluorinated gases) are synthetic compounds, forming part of a basket of six greenhouse gases, that the EU has committed to reduce by 8% below 1990 levels before 2012, as defined by the Kyoto Protocol.

Current F-Gases, which include HFC134a, 407C and 410A, cause 1,300 to 1,890 times more global warming than a similar mass of CO_2 .

These compounds are increasingly prevalent, as they continue to replace the harmful, banned CFCs and HCFCs which have serious potential to deplete the ozone layer.

"The local indoor Colt Caloris units contain less than 3kg of refrigerant and are therefore not subjected to F-Gas inspections."

Climate Change Loss of refrigerant = Less efficiency = More energy input to drive the system = more CO₂ produced than necessary Responsibility lies with the End User Up to 2-4 checks a year (depending on the charge of gas) Large penalties - For the End User & Refrigerant Handler Every 1kg of R410A refrigerant leakage is the equivalent of releasing 1800kg of CO₂ into the environment

CONTAINMENT

It is only when the gases escape into the atmosphere that they become harmful, one of the key approaches to dealing with F-Gases is containment.

This involves ensuring that the equipment is leak-tight, that installation and servicing personnel are well trained and that F-Gases are carefully handled and fully traced at all stages of the refrigerant's life.

"VRF systems can operate with minor losses of charge but the efficiency (COP & EER) are gravely affected. One leading VRF manufacturer has calculated a 15% loss can cause a 50% reduction in efficiency! in other words a doubling of energy input and hence emissions, without being warned."

REGULATIONS

- In force 4th July 2007
- Objective to prevent leakage
- All pipework and joints, connections
- Responsibility on end user inc. record keeping on refrigerant quantity - legal penalties
- 3kg+ inspection every 12 months
- 30kg+ inspection every 6 months
- 300kg+ inspection every 3 months (plus installation of leak detection kit)
- Further inspection one month after a leak has been repaired.



WRF COLT CALORIS - UK PROJECTS







Ramada Hotel - London



Sheffield University



Hatchcroft University - Middlesex



IBM - Hursley



HBOS - Bristol



Abford House - London



Exchange Flags - Liverpool



Daimler Chrysler HQ - Milton Keynes



Princess Alexandra Hospital - Harlow





Liverpool One - Liverpool



Penninsular Dental School - Plymouth



WRF COLT CALORIS - OVERSEAS PROJECTS



Eekhout - Holland



Haasnoot Brugen - Holland



Kantoor Villas - Holland





Nic Oud - Holland



Veldzigt Park - Holland





Technocircle - Holland



Thomann - Germany



Ziengs Shoes - Holland



VNV Media - Belgium



Berntsen & Braam - Holland



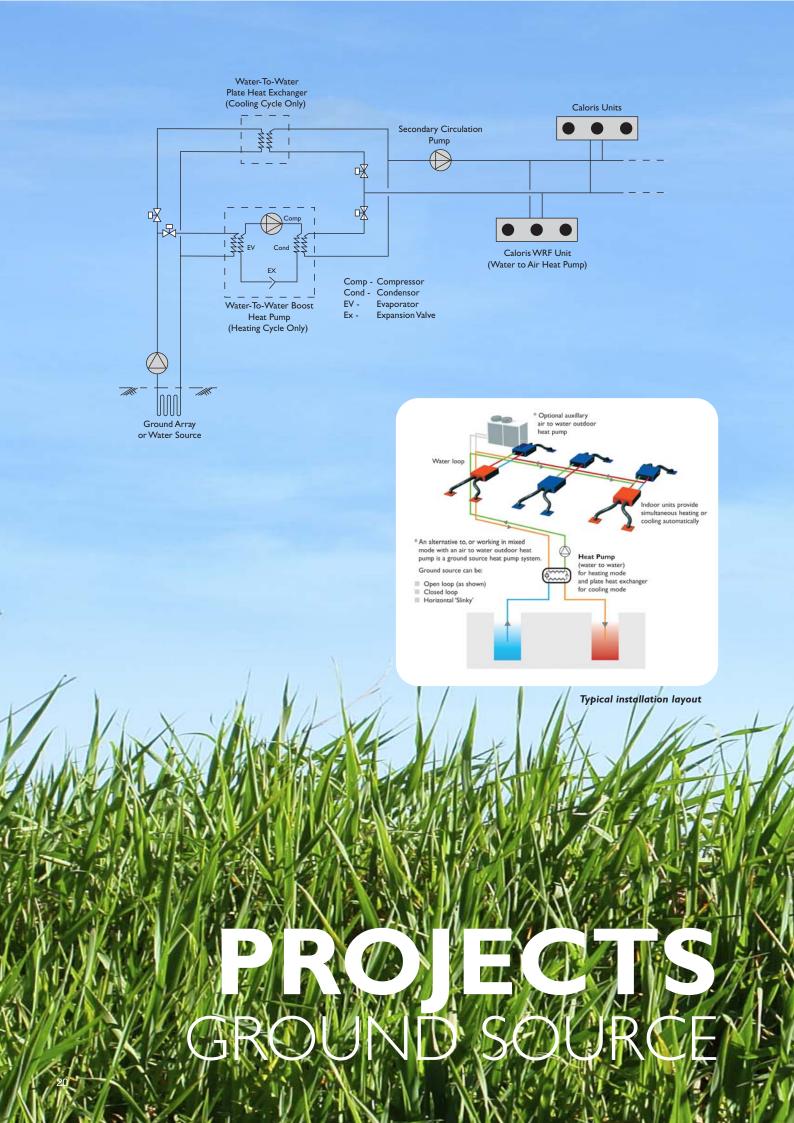
Sofitel Hotel, Vienna - Austria



Daneels - Belgium



Zon - Holland



WRF COLT CALORIS - GROUND SOURCE PROJECTS



Hatchcroft University - Middlesex



Ramada Hotel - London



Meerpal Business Park - Holland



Gooch & Housego - Somerset

Hatchcroft University - Middlesex

Ground source system consisting 55 bore holes at 60 metres deep providing a capacity of 235kW gross peak load and 190kW net cooling load.

Ramada Hotel - London

Hybrid ground source and part airsource linked to 230 indoor Caloris units.

Meerpal Business Park - Holland

A borehole ring main system has been extended across the business park to connect all buildings together. At regular intervals, two 100 metre deep bore holes - one for storage of cooler water and the other for warm water.

Gooch & Housego - Somerset

A lake provides base load heating and cooling supplemented by auxiliary heating and cooling.



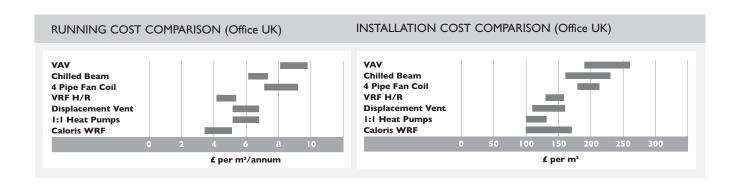
Colt International Ltd won the prestigious H&V Environmental Initiative of the Year Award 2009 for its development of the WRF Caloris system combined with ground source, and a hybrid ground source/air source solution. Projects include Ramada Hotel in London and Hatchcroft University in Middlesex. This award recognises innovation, environmental awareness and the development of new initiatives which take meaningful steps toward safeguarding



WRF COLT CALORIS - COMPARISONS WITH OTHER SYSTEMS

| COMPARING FOUR PIPE FAN COILS AND VRF SYSTEMS | | | | |
|---|------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|
| | 4 Pipe Fan Coils | VRF | WRF/Colt Caloris | |
| Low install cost | No | Yes | Yes | |
| Avoid refrigerant leak detection | Yes | No | Yes | |
| Use building thermal mass to minimise energy use | No | No | Yes | |
| Oil return cycle (No Output for Input Energy) | No | Yes | No | |
| Comprehensive range of indoor units | Yes | Yes | No | |
| Avoid F-Gas Regulations for annual inspection internally(2) | Yes | No | Yes | |
| Defrost cycle, hence draughts from indoors | No | Yes | No | |
| Low running cost | No | No | Yes | |
| Energy efficiency/output loss over 5m pipework | No | Yes | No | |
| Energy recovery between units heating and cooling | No | Maybe ⁽¹⁾ | Yes | |
| Number of pipes | 4 | 2 or 3 | 2 | |
| Pipework insulation required | Yes | Yes | No | |
| Integrated controls | No | Yes | Yes | |
| Standard design conditions | European | Asian | European | |

| COMPARING THE COLT CALORIS WRF SYSTEM AND WATER COOLED VRF SYSTEMS | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | Water Cooled | Caloris WRF | | |
| Circulation medium | Refrigerant | Water | | |
| Pipe-work | Copper | Choice Inc Polymer | | |
| Pipe insulation | Required | Not Required | | |
| COP/EER | $Good^{(I)}$ | Good | | |
| Use of building (or other)thermal | No | Yes | | |
| mass for energy storage | | | | |
| Internal branch boxes | Required | Not Required | | |
| F-Gas Inspection (Internal) | Yes ⁽²⁾ | No | | |
| Refrigerant install qualified | Required ACRIB(2) | Plumber Only | | |
| Integrity on fault | Whole System Fails | Just One Unit Fails | | |
| Piping length | Limited | Unlimited | | |
| Piping height | Limited | Unlimited | | |
| However the COP/EER drops considerably in actual use as the compressor has to pump high pressure/velocity refrigerant around the system and the standard separation is only 5 (five)m in total. On average the COP will reduce by some 10% and EER by 15% for separations over 50m. | | | | |



(2) From 27th July 2007 'F' Gas regulations came into force with traceability, monitoring and revised installation standards.

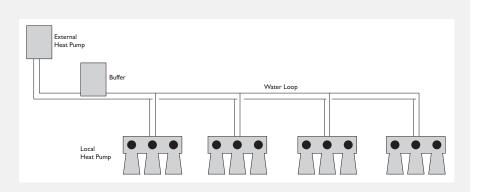
WRF COLT CALORIS - COMPARISONS WITH OTHER SYSTEMS

CALORIS - TWIN PIPE SYSTEM

Advantages

2 pipe uninsulated plastic pipework & unlimited pipework length/heights & unlimited system capacity & number of indoor units.

Simultaneous heating & cooling with energy recovery between units and potential for energy saving through thermal mass.



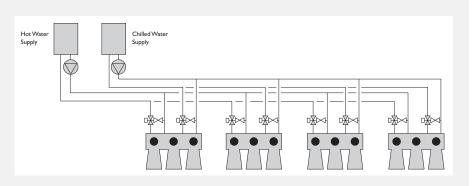
4 PIPE SYSTEM

Disadvantages

Additional installation/cost of pipework (4 pipes).

Insulated pipework always required to avoid condensation and heat losses.

No heat recovery between systems which both use energy concurrently.



VRF HEAT RECOVERY SYSTEM (3 PIPE OR R SERIES)

(Accounts for 90% of VRF Installations in UK)

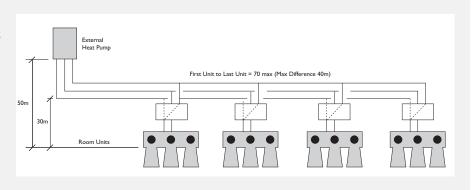
Disadvantages

Additional installation/cost of pipework & changeover box and space.

Refrigerant fills the whole pipework system = quantity = F Gas.

Restrictions on length of pipework Insulated copper pipework carrying refrigerant (R410A) 450psi wp.

Leak detection to be considered for every room



WATER BASED VRF HEAT RECOVERY SYSTEM

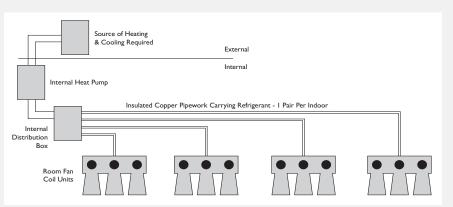
Disadvantages

Space for distribution box(es)

Space for internal heat pump

Restrictions in pipework length

Complex multiple pipework



WRF COLT CALORIS - PERFORMANCE INDOOR UNIT

| | Size I | Size 2 | Size 3 | Size 4 | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Cooling Performance @ 25 °C, RH 50%, Water 20/26 °C | | | | | |
| Cooling Capacity | 1508 W | 2230 W | 3360 W | 4770 W | |
| Compressor Power Input | 316W | 442 W | 652 W | 871 W | |
| COP Compressor Input Only | 4.77 | 5.05 | 5.15 | 5.48 | |
| Unit COP (according to EN 255-2) | 4.11 | 4.21 | 4.65 | 4.72 | |
| | | | | | |

Air Side Heat Exchanger

| Model / Type | 3/8" Curved Cu - tube with shaped aluminium fins | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------|---------|----------|
| Air Qty (speed I) m³/h (l/s) | 150/42 | 175/49 | 215/60 | 595/165 |
| Air Qty (speed 2) m³/h (l/s) | 180/50 | 260/72 | 445/124 | 800/223 |
| Air Qty (speed 3) m³/h (l/s) | 225/62 | 350/97 | 705/196 | 1230/342 |
| Air Qty (speed 4) m³/h (l/s) | 260/72 | 440/122 | 940/261 | 1465/407 |
| Standard Static Pressure | 30 Pa | 30 Pa | 30 Pa | 30 Pa |
| Maximum Static Pressure | 50 Pa | 50 Pa | 50 Pa | 70 Pa |

Noise Data (at standard power and speed)

| Sound Power (SWL) | 45 dB(A) | 49.5 dB(A) | 51 dB(A) | 50.5 dB(A) |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Typical Lp | 28-33 dB(A) | 32-37 dB(A) | 33-38 dB(A) | 31-36 dB(A) |
| Typical N R | 23-28 dB(A) | 26-32 dB(A) | 27-32 dB(A) | 25-30 dB(A) |

Dimensions & Weights

| | Dim A | Dim B | Unit Weight | Spigot Options |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------------|-------------------|
| Unit Size I | 820 | 776 | 72 kg | 1,2 |
| Unit Size 2 | 980 | 936 | 80 kg | 1,2,3 |
| Unit Size 3 | 1280 | 1236 | 88 kg | 1,2,3,4 |
| Unit Size 4 | 1580 | 1536 | 108 kg | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| | | | | |

† Digital controls only

Acoustical data are based on the report of Peutz & Associés BV (NL) and SRL Limited (UK) in accordance with EN ISO 3741:1999, EN ISO 5135:1999, BS 4856:1997 and Eurovent 8/2 1992. Sound pressure levels are based on measurements taken in a reverberation chamber with a half second echo and 8-4 kg/m 2 ceiling mass.

Performance data has been measured in a EN 14511-certified laboratory.

| | Size I | Size 2 | Size 3 | Size 4 |
|--|-------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| Heating Performance | ce @ 20 °C, | Water 20/15 | °C | |
| Heating Capacity | 1510W | 2350 W | 3370 W | 4135 W |
| Compressor Power Input | 374 W | 543 W | 696 W | 948 W |
| COP Compressor Input Only | 4.04 | 4.33 | 4.84 | 4.36 |
| Unit COP (according to EN 255-2) | 3.55 | 3.72 | 4.29 | 3.80 |

Water Side Heat Exchanger

| _ | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| Model / Type | Finned and Grooved Spiral Shell-in-tube | | | | |
| Water Connections | 15mm | 15mm | 15mm | 15mm | |
| Water - Minimum Flow I/s (I/min) | 0.074 (4.5) | 0.106 (6.4) | 0.133 (8.0) | 0.178 (10.7) | |
| Waterside - Differential Pressure | 1.0 kPa | 1.5 kPa | 2.0 kPa | 5.0 kPa | |
| Waterside - Max Pressure | 20 bar | 20 bar | 20 bar | 20 bar | |
| Water Capacity | 2.4 L | 2.4 L | 2.8 L | 3.3 L | |

Heat Pump

| Compressor Type | Low Noise Cradle Hermetic Horizontal Rotary/scroll | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---------|---------|----------|
| HCFC - Free Refrigerant | R134a | R407C | R410A | R410A |
| Refrigerant Quantity | 0.395 kg | 0.75 kg | 0.75 kg | 1.015 kg |

Electrical Data

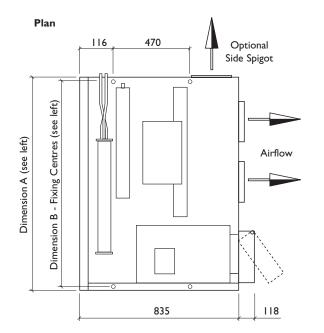
| Power Supply (V / ph / Hz) | 230/1/50 | 230/1/50 | 230/1/50 | 230/1/50 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total Absorbed Power @ 30°C | 0.5 kW | 0.7 kW | 0.8 kW | 1.2 kW |
| Nominal Current Compressor/Fan | 1.9 / 0.25 A | 2.8 / 0.4 A | 3.4 / 0.5 A | 5.0 / 0.5 A |
| Max Starting Current | 16 A | 16 A | 16 A | 19 A |
| Minimum External/Internal Fuse | 7 A | 7 A | 7 A | 10 A |
| Max No. Units off 13 Amp Supply | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |

As with all heat pumps water flow is critical: It is essential to ensure that all flow rates are within CIBSE guidelines (w), ie 0% tolereance for underflow, 10% tolerance for overflow.

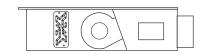
0% tolerance for underflow 10% tolerance for overflow

WRF COLT CALORIS - DIMENSIONS INDOOR UNIT

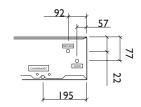




Side view

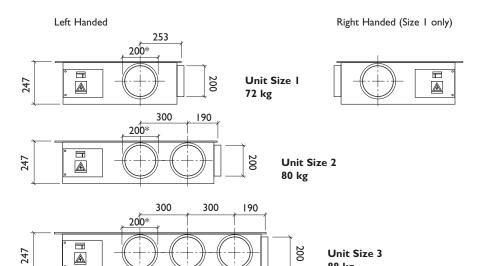


Water Connections



I 5mm diameter copper tails Outlet - (Return) Inlet - (Flow)

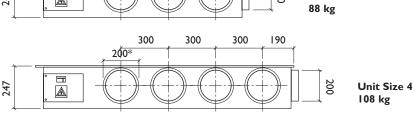
15mm diameter stainless steel Drain - (Condensate)



Standard spigot diameter is 200mm (sizes I-4)

*250mm diameter spigots are also available on request

A condensate pump is also optional.





WRF COLT CALORIS - CONTROL SYSTEMS



Room controller shown in grey

Colt digital (LCD display) room control panels can be stand alone for a Caloris system or limited into central BMS systems via the following:

- Modbus ASCIII / RTU
- LON
- **BacNet**

Easy plug-in boards

- Each room controller can control up to 16 units, providing temperature control.
- From a single controller you can operate temperature, fan speed or change from Auto to heating, cooling or de-humidification mode.
- Weekly timer
- Colt digital controls allow occupancy detection (ie PIR) or hotel slip card system
- Easy commissioning and service by mini USB cable to any remote controller.

A central touch screen controller is also available on request.

OPTIONAL CONTROLS



Simplified Temperature Scale For limited temperature adjustment against set point.



+/- 3°C only For limited temperature adjustment.

OPTIONAL COLOURS







White

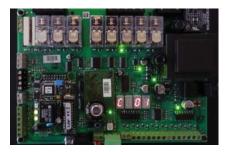
COKT

Black

OPTIONAL BMS INTERFACES







Modbus ASCIII Modbus RTU LON BacNet



THE COLT PACKAGE

We offer the following services:

Free no obligation survey.

Free no obligation HVAC design and advisory service.

Detailed scheme design for natural ventilation systems, for both industrial and commercial buildings.

Caloris WRF heat pump air conditioning system design and supply.

Provision of performance specifications.

Project and site management.

Supply, installation, commissioning and maintenance of all Climate Control Systems.

Other reasons to choose Colt:

Quality and safety underpin all our activities. We operate to strict quality and environmental standards including ISO 9001 and ISO 14001.

Over 75 years experience in the design, manufacture & installation of heating and ventilation systems.

Our innovative attitude and capability is backed up by our own manufacturing and test facilities.



Colt offer integrated natural ventilation, solar shading, smoke control and air conditioning systems. See www.multimodeventilation.co.uk for further details

Our Mission Statement

To meet the building occupiers' expectations of a comfortable and healthy working environment utilising energy efficient products with the desire to be in full control of this environment at all times.







"Passla faal bakkan in Calk aandikiana"

Architectural Solutions

Climate Control

Smoke Control

Service and Maintenance

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